Problems

- A force of 1.2 N is applied to an object of mass 1.5 kg. It accelerates at 0.50 m/s²
 [←] along a surface. Determine the force of friction that is acting and the coefficient of kinetic friction involved.
- 2. Two children pull a toy truck of mass 2.4 kg along a rough horizontal surface. One child pulls with a force of 8.4 N [N] and the other pulls with a force of 3.6 N [S]. The coefficient of friction between the toy and surface is 0.18. What is the acceleration of the toy?
- 3. How much force would be required to start a 1.0-kg object sliding along a horizontal surface if the coefficient of static friction is 0.20?
- 4. Show that an applied force of 4.0 N is insufficient to get a stationary 2.0-kg object to move horizontally if the coefficient of starting friction is 0.25.
- 5. A hockey puck of mass 200 g slides along the ice with a speed of 1.2 m/s when it reaches a rough section where the coefficient of kinetic friction is 0.25. How long will it take the puck to stop sliding? Include a free-body diagram. (Assume 2 significant digits.)
- 6. An object of mass 3.8 kg is pushed directly from rest along a horizontal surface, a distance of 1.2 m, and reaches a speed of 2.6 m/s by the end of the push. The frictional force acting is 6.7 N.
 - a) Determine the acceleration of the object while being pushed.
 - b) Determine the value of the applied force that is acting.
- 7. A stationary box of mass 4.2 kg is given a push of 8.2 N [S] along a surface where the frictional force acting is 5.8 N [N]. The push lasts for 3.6 s and then the box is allowed to slide on its own until it comes to rest.
 - a) Draw free-body diagrams to show the box being pushed and sliding on its own.
 - b) Determine the acceleration of the box as it is being pushed.
 - c) Calculate the speed of the box just as the push ceases.
 - d) Determine the acceleration of the box as it is sliding on its own and the time it takes to come to rest.

8. A child with mass 30 kg was sitting on a sled with mass 10 kg. The friction between the sled and the snow was negligible. If a force of 120 N was applied to the child, as shown, what was the minimum coefficient of static friction required between the child and the sled to keep the child from slipping off?



- 9. Two crates, of mass 75 kg and 110 kg, are in contact and at rest on a horizontal surface. A 620-N force is exerted on the 75-kg crate. The coefficient of kinetic friction, for both crates, is 0.15.
 - a) Calculate the acceleration of the system
 - b) Calculate the force that each crate exerts on the other
 - c) Repeat a) and b) with the crates reversed



10. A 75-kg climber is supported in the "chimney" by the friction forces exerted on his shoes and back. The static coefficients of friction between his shoes and the wall, and between his back and the wall, are 0.80 and 0.60 respectively. What is the minimum normal force he must exert? Assume the walls are vertical and that friction forces are both at a maximum. Ignore his grip on the rope.

